

Keeping America  
Informed  
for  
150  
Years!



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1850s Government Printing Office building in Washington, D.C.

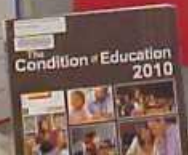
**The History of IES**

In 1862, the Department of Education was established as the Office of Education, the first federal department devoted to education. It was created by an act of Congress that also established the Department of the Interior and the Department of Justice.

The Department of Education was reorganized in 1979 as the Department of Education, and in 1980, the Department of Education was renamed the Department of Education.

The Department of Education has a long and distinguished history of providing leadership and support to state, local, and tribal education agencies and to the nation's schools and colleges.

The Department of Education is committed to ensuring that all students have the opportunity to succeed in school and in life. It works to improve the quality of education for all students, to ensure that all students have access to a high-quality education, and to ensure that all students are prepared for the workforce and for college.



The U.S. Government Printing Office, built in 1903 and still used today.

## THE HISTORY OF GPO

In 1861, on the day that Abraham Lincoln was inaugurated, the Government Printing Office opened for business.

The Printing Act of 1895 made GPO responsible for the printing of all three branches of the federal Government, and for the dissemination of these publications for sale and for deposit in congressionally designated libraries nationwide. MSU, Mankato, is one such library.

In 1910 horse-drawn wagons were replaced by horseless carriages for deliveries to Capitol Hill.

In 1917, as America went to war, imported printing supplies fell victim to German U-boats and British blockades. GPO began making its own ink and marbled papers as well as greatly expanding its recycling of type metal.

Employee orchestras sometimes serenaded employees during lunch breaks with popular hits of the day, providing a break from the often arduous schedule of "The Big Shop".

In post-war America, GPO accelerated its use of commercial contracting as the war plant, but since cost as high as GPO's, could keep pace with the tremendous growth of Government programs and the need of the Cold War.

In 1984, the use of machine typesetting at GPO was at its peak, and all of congressional printing done by more than 275



Workers at the Government Printing Office,  
1910-1922



Printing press at U.S. Post and Service Center  
27 2012 image of the Government Printing Office in  
Washington at Internet, 10, 2017

Government Printing Office is the  
"backbone of the printing" in printing the  
"Governmental Service" a new source  
of information and services  
from the U.S. Government Printing Office  
and the "Governmental Service" printing  
press. (10/10/2017)

Years!

# The Condition of Education 2010



# WALL STREET AND THE FINANCIAL SYSTEM

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